

ALGEBRA 4: QUIZ SOLUTIONS

Question 1

Which one of the following expressions is not a polynomial?

- A. $3x^2 + 4x - 1$ B. $2x + 7$ C. $4x^3 + x^2 - 21$ D. $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{4}{x} - 1$

Solution

- A. $3x^2 + 4x - 1$ is a polynomial.
B. $2x + 7$ is a polynomial.
C. $4x^3 + x^2 - 21$ is a polynomial.
D. $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{4}{x} - 1$ is not a polynomial.

So, the correct answer is D.

Question 2

Factorise completely $x^3 - 3x^2 - 28x$.

- A. $x(x^2 - 3x - 28)$ B. $x(x - 7)(x + 4)$ C. $x(x + 7)(x - 4)$ D. $x(x + 14)(x - 2)$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}x^3 - 3x^2 - 28x \\&= x(x^2 - 3x - 28) \\&= x(x - 7)(x + 4)\end{aligned}$$

So, the correct answer is B.

Question 3

Factorise completely $3x^3 - 81$.

- A. $3(x - 3)(x^2 + 3x + 9)$ B. $3(x + 3)(x^2 - 3x + 9)$ C. $(x - 3)(3x^2 + 9x + 27)$
D. $3(x^3 - 27)$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}3x^3 - 81 \\&= 3(x^3 - 27) \\&= 3(x^3 - 3^3) \\&= 3(x - 3)(x^2 + 3x + 9)\end{aligned}$$

So, the correct answer is A.

Question 4

Factorise completely $x^3 - 19x - 30$.

- A. $(x + 2)(x + 5)(x - 3)$ B. $(x - 2)(x - 5)(x + 3)$ C. $(x + 2)(x - 5)(x + 3)$
D. $(x - 2)(x + 5)(x - 3)$

Solution

$$\text{Let } f(x) = x^3 - 19x - 30$$

$$\therefore f(-2) = (-2)^3 - 19(-2) - 30 = 0$$

$$\therefore (x + 2) \text{ is a factor of } f(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^3 - 19x - 30 &= (x + 2)(x^2 - 2x - 15) \\ &= (x + 2)(x + 3)(x - 5) \end{aligned}$$

So, the correct answer is C.

Question 5

Factorise completely $4x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x + 1$.

- A. $(x - 1)(2x - 1)^2$ B. $(x + 1)(2x + 1)^2$ C. $(x + 1)^2(2x + 1)$
D. $(x - 1)^2(2x - 1)$

Solution

$$\text{Let } f(x) = 4x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x + 1$$

$$\therefore f(-1) = 4(-1)^3 + 8(-1)^2 + 5(-1) + 1 = 0$$

$$\therefore (x + 1) \text{ is a factor of } f(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore 4x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x + 1 &= (x + 1)(4x^2 + 4x + 1) \\ &= (x + 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1) \\ &= (x + 1)(2x + 1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

So, the correct answer is B.